in cross-cultural traumatic stress research

Sex and gender from a Western perspective

- **Sex** refers to biological and physiological traits a person is born with.
- **Gender** describes how individuals understand themselves and relate to gendered social roles and norms.





Why does gender matter in traumatic stress research?

- Sex- and/or gender-based differences are documented in the literature, for instance in the types of traumatic events experienced and traumatic stress symptomatology.
- These differences are shaped by cultural values and beliefs, raising complex questions about how to safely and respectfully include both binary and non-binary concepts of gender in cross-cultural research.

Common Challenges and Potential Solutions

Ethical & Legal

Challenges: Gender diversity is not recognized or criminalized in some countries, placing participants at risk of physical harm and arrest. Ethics review boards in some countries resist the inclusion of non-binary response options in research studies.

Solutions: Include a "refuse to answer" option, allow the participant to provide a free text responses, or use qualitative interviews to elicit nuanced response.

Measurement

Challenges: In many languages, there are no specific terms for sex and gender, or the terms that do exist are not used colloquially.

Solution: Provide definitions of biological sex and the different gender identities.

Statistical Modeling

Challenge: Low statistical power is often an issue when studying the experiences of people with intersectional marginalized identities.

Solutions: Choose non-parametric tests, qualitative research designs, or combine gender identity categories for increased statistical power.

Reporting

Challenges: Researchers may use different definitions of sex and gender in their work, and well-meaning articles could be misused to further perpetuate discrimination and stigma.

Solutions: Published documents should include clear definitions, a positionality statement, and researchers should take responsibility for knowledge transfer activities to help shape the narrative.

Interested in sharing your thoughts on the topic?

Join the sex and gender section of the Global Collaboration on Traumatic Stress Research.

